# Norman S Wright CO

## Manufacturer's Representatives

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# **Formulas**

## Air Side HVAC Formulas

BTUHTotal = BTUHSensible + BTUHLatent

BTUHSensible =  $(1.08) \times (CFM) \times \Delta T$ 

BTUHTotal =  $(4.5) \times (CFM) \times \Delta H$ 

ACH =

Pvelocity = = C = 136.8, g = 32.2

= PVelocity + PStatic

#### **Water Side HVAC Formulas**

 $BTUH = GPM \times 500 \times T \text{ (water)}$ 

TONS =  $GPM \times \Delta T 24$  (CH water) (CT Ton = 15,000 BTUH)

 $FTHD = psi \times 2.31 S.G.$ 

NPSHA = ha - hvpa + hst - hfs

ha = Absolute Pressure in feet of liquid on surface supply level.

hvpa = Head in feet corresponding to vapor pressure of liquid at the temperature being pumped.

hst = Static height that the liquid level is above (+) or below (-) the pump centerline

hfs = All suction line losses including the entrance loss and friction losses through pipe, valves and fittings.

### **Heating**

Btu/hr = GPM x 500 x T 1 GPM at 20°T = 10,000 Btu/hr Btu/hr / 10,000 = 1 GPM (@20°T)

#### Cooling

1 ton (CHW) = GPM x 500 x T/12,000 = 2.4 GPM (@10°T)

#### Latent heat

Btu/hr =  $.68 \times CFM \times grains$ 

#### To cool air

Btu/hr = CFM x 4.5 x enthalpy (enthalpy from psych chart) GPM = Btu/hr /  $(500 \times T)$ 

#### To heat air

Btu/hr = CFM x  $1.08 \times T$ 

### To humidify air

 $\#/hr H_2O = CFM \times 4.5 \times grains/7,000$ 

## **Pump horsepower**

 $HP = GPM \times ft Head \times .0002525/eff$ 

#### Fan horsepower

HP = CFM x static pressure ("H<sub>2</sub>O) .000157/eff

## **Electrical Equations**

KVA = KW = KVA x P.F. = KW motor input = V = IR W = V x I =  $I^2$  x R KWDC =  $\underline{Amps \times Volts}$ 1,000